

if the Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the Secretary

of the Navy, determines that—

(1) decontamination or remediation of the lands is practicable and economically feasible, taking into consideration the potential future use and value of the land; and

(2) upon decontamination or remediation, the land could be opened to the operation of some or all of the public land laws, including the mining laws.

(3) DECONTAMINATION AND REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO OTHER LAWS.—The activities of the Secretary of the Navy under subsection (c) are subject to applicable laws and regulations, includ-

ing the Defense Environmental Restoration Program established

under section 2701 of title 10, United States Code, the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of

1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.), and the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.).

(4) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.—To REFUSE CONTAMINATED LANDS.—The Secretary of the Interior shall not be required to accept lands specified in a relinquishment notice

if the Secretary of the Interior, after consultation with the Secretary

of the Navy, concludes that—

(5) decontamination or remediation of any land subject to the relinquishment notice is not practicable or economically feasible;

(6) the land cannot be decontaminated or remediated

sufficiently to be opened to operation of some or all of the public land laws; or

(7) a sufficient amount of funds are not appropriated for the decontamination of the land.

(f) STATUS OF CONTAMINATED LANDS.—If, because of the condition of the lands, the Secretary of the Interior declines to accept

jurisdiction of lands proposed for relinquishment or, if at the expiration

of the withdrawal made under this subtitle, the Secretary

of the Interior determines that some of the lands withdrawn under

this subtitle are contaminated to an extent which prevents opening

such contaminated lands to operation of the public land laws—

(1) the Secretary of the Navy shall take appropriate steps

Safety.

to warn the public of the contaminated state of such lands

and any risks associated with entry onto such lands;

(8) after the expiration of the withdrawal, the Secretary of the Navy shall retain jurisdiction over the withdrawn lands,

but shall undertake no activities on such lands except in connection with the decontamination or remediation of

such lands; and

(9) the Secretary of the Navy shall report to the Secretary Reports.

of the Interior and to the Congress concerning the status of such lands and all actions taken under

paragraphs (1)

and (2).

(g) SUBSEQUENT DECONTAMINATION OR REMEDIATION.—If lands covered by subsection (f) are subsequently

decontaminated or
remediated and the Secretary of the Navy certifies that the
lands
are safe for nonmilitary uses, the Secretary of the Interior
shall
reconsider accepting jurisdiction over the lands.

(h) REVOCATION AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any
other
provision of law, upon deciding that it is in the public
interest to
accept jurisdiction over lands specified in a
relinquishment notice,
the Secretary of the Interior may revoke the
withdrawal and